# Crisis Communication Plan Template

## 1.Introduction

## 1.1 Purpose

[state the purpose of the crisis communication plan and explain how it will help the organization respond effectively to the crisis.]

## Example:

The purpose of this Crisis Communication Plan is to establish a comprehensive framework for managing communication during a crisis situation. The plan aims to ensure that our organization responds swiftly and effectively to any crisis that may arise, thereby minimizing potential damage to our reputation, safeguarding the well-being of our stakeholders, and maintaining operational stability.

This plan provides clear guidelines and procedures for identifying, assessing, and responding to various types of crises. By implementing this plan, we aim to achieve the following objectives:

## 1.2 Objectives

[list each objective, list the specific actions needed to achieve the objective, identify the people responsible for each objective, and define how you measure the success of each objective.]

Objective	Actions	Responsible Parties	Success Metrics
Ensuring the safety and well-being of employees, customers, and other stakeholders			
Delivering timely and accurate information to relevant stakeholders			
Maintaining transparency with stakeholders			

Protecting and managing the organization's reputation		
Ensuring business continuity		
Coordinating communication efforts across departments		
Managing public perception by engaging with the media and the public		
Addressing stakeholder concerns		
Ensuring compliance with legal and regulatory requirements		

# 1.3 Scope

[Describe the scope of the plan, including the types of crises it covers - e.g., natural disasters, cyber-attacks, product recalls, etc]

## Example:

This Crisis Communication Plan encompasses all procedures and protocols necessary for the effective management of communication during a wide range of potential crises that may impact our organization. The scope of this plan includes, but is not limited to, the following types of crises:

1. **Natural Disasters:** Events such as earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, and other severe weather conditions that can disrupt operations and affect the safety of employees and stakeholders.

- 2. **Technological Incidents:** Cyber-attacks, data breaches, and other technological failures that comprise information security and disrupt digital operations.
- 3. **Operational Failures:** Significant disruptions in the supply chain, production halts, major system outages, or any operational issues that impede the organization's ability to function effectively.
- 4. **Health and Safety Emergencies:** Public health crises, such as pandemics, workplace accidents, or any incidents that pose a risk to the health and safety of employees and other stakeholders.
- 5. **Product-related Issues:** Product recalls, defects, or any other product-related incidents that could harm consumers or damage the organization's reputation.
- Reputational Crisis: Incidents involving public relations issues, negative media coverage, legal disputes, or any events that could tarnish the organization's public image.
- 7. **Regulatory and Compliance Issues:** Breaches of regulatory requirements, legal violations, or any compliance-related problems that could result in legal penalties or loss of licenses.

This plan applies to all employees, contractors, and any third parties acting on behalf of our organization. It outlines the roles and responsibilities of the Crisis Management Team (CMT), provides guidelines for internal and external communications, and specifies the processes for crisis identification, assessment, response, and recovery.

The Crisis Communication Plan is intended to be a dynamic document that will be reviewed and updated regularly to address emerging risks and incorporate best practices in crisis management. It serves as a critical tool to ensure that our organization can respond promptly and effectively to crises, mitigate negative impacts, and maintain trust with our stakeholders.

## 1.4 Definitions

[Provide definitions for key terms used in the plan.]

To ensure clarity and common understanding, the following key terms used in this Crisis Communication Plan are defined as follows:

Crisis	A significant event or situation that poses a threat to the organization's operations, reputation, financial stability, or stakeholder safety. Crises require immediate attention and coordinated response efforts.
Crisis Management Team (CMT)	A designated group of individuals responsible for managing the organization's response to a crisis. The CMT includes roles such as Crisis

	Manager, Communication Lead, Legal Advisor, HR Lead, and IT Lead.
Stakeholders	Individuals or groups who have an interest in or are affected by the organization's actions, including employees, customers, suppliers, shareholders, regulators, and the general public.
Internal Communication	The process of disseminating information within the organization during a crisis. This includes communication with employees, management, and internal departments.
External Communication	The process of disseminating information to external stakeholders during a crisis. This includes communication with the media, customers, suppliers, regulatory bodies, and the general public.
Crisis Assessment	The process of evaluating the severity, potential impact, and scope of a crisis to determine the appropriate response measures.
Activation Criteria	Predefined conditions or thresholds that trigger the activation of the Crisis Management Team and the implementation of the Crisis Communication Plan.
Spokesperson	An individual authorized to represent and speak on behalf of the organization during a crisis. The spokesperson is responsible for delivering official statements and responding to media inquiries.
Message Development	The process of creating, approving, and disseminating communication messages during a crisis. This includes initial statements, updates, and responses to stakeholder inquiries.
Simulation Exercise	A training activity designed to test and evaluate the organization's crisis communication plan and response capabilities. Simulation exercises help identify strengths and areas for improvement.
Post-Crisis Review	An evaluation conducted after a crisis has been resolved to assess the effectiveness of

	the response, identify lessons learned, and recommend improvements to the crisis communication plan.
Incident Reporting	The process of documenting and reporting the details of a crisis incident, including the nature of the crisis, actions taken, and outcomes achieved.
Reputation Management	Strategies and actions taken to protect and restore the organization's reputation during and after a crisis. This includes managing public perception and addressing negative publicity.
Communication Channel	The medium or platform used to convey messages to stakeholders during a crisis. Examples include press releases, social media, email, and the organization's website.
Emergency Response Plan	A plan that outlines procedures for ensuring the safety and security of individuals during an immediate crisis, such as evacuation protocols and emergency contact information.

# 2. Crisis Management Team

# 2.1 Team Composition

[List the members of the Crisis Management Team (CMT), including their roles and contact information.]

# 2.2 Responsibilities

[Detail the specific responsibilities of each CMT member. Outline the decision-making authority of the CMT]

Role	Name	Responsibilities	Contact Information	Decision-making Authority
Crisis Manager	[Name]	Oversee the overall crisis response and decision-making process.  Coordinate the activities of the Crisis Management Team.  Ensure that all aspects of the crisis are being addressed effectively.	[Phone, email]	
Communication Lead	[Name]	Develop and disseminate all internal and external communications.  Serve as the primary spokesperson for the organization.  Manage media	[Phone, email]	

		relations and monitor media coverage.		
Legal Advisor	[Name]	Provide legal counsel and support during the crisis.	[Phone, email]	
		Ensure compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements.		
		Review and approve all public statements and communications.		
Human Resources (HR) Lead	[Name]	Address employee concerns and ensure their well-being.	[Phone, email]	
		Communicate HR-related information and updates to employees.		
		Coordinate any necessary adjustments to HR policies and procedures during the crisis.		
IT Lead	[Name]	Manage the organization's IT infrastructure and ensure its security.	[Phone, email]	
		Address any technical issues that arise during		

		the crisis.  Provide support for communication technologies and platforms used in the crisis response.		
Operations Lead	[Name]	Oversee the continuity of business operations during the crisis.  Coordinate with other departments to ensure operational stability.  Implement any necessary changes to operational procedures.	[Phone, email]	

## 2.3 Activation

[Describe the process for activating the CMT in the event of a crisis. Include criteria for activation.]

## **Example:**

The activation of the Crisis Management Team (CMT) follows a structured process to ensure a swift and organized response to any crisis situation. The steps for activation are as follows:

- 1. Initial Incident Report:
  - Any employee or stakeholder who becomes aware of a potential crisis must immediately report the incident to their supervisor or directly to the Crisis Manager.
  - o Incident Reporting Contact:

Crisis Manager: John DoePhone: (123) 456-7890

■ Email: johndoe@example.com

## 2. Preliminary Assessment:

- Upon receiving an incident report, the Crisis Manager conducts a preliminary assessment to determine the severity and potential impact of the situation.
- The Crisis Manager consults with relevant CMT members (e.g., Communication Lead, Legal Advisor) as needed to gather initial information.

## 3. CMT Activation Decision:

- Based on the preliminary assessment, the Crisis Manager decides whether to activate the full Crisis Management Team.
- If activation is required, the Crisis Manager issues an activation notice to all CMT members via phone, email, and/or emergency notification system.

### 4. Initial CMT Meeting:

- The Crisis Manager convenes an initial CMT meeting as soon as possible, either in person or via a virtual meeting platform.
- During the initial meeting, the CMT reviews the situation, confirms roles and responsibilities, and establishes immediate action steps.

#### **Activation Criteria**

The decision to activate the Crisis Management Team is based on the following criteria:

## 1. Severity of Impact:

- The potential or actual impact on the organization's operations, reputation, financial stability, or stakeholder safety.
- Examples: Significant disruption to business operations, severe reputational damage, major financial loss, risk to employee or public safety.

#### 2. Scope of the Crisis:

- The extent to which the crisis affects multiple departments, locations, or stakeholder groups.
- Examples: A widespread data breach affecting customer information, a natural disaster impacting multiple facilities, a product recall involving several regions.

## 3. Regulatory and Legal Implications:

- The likelihood of regulatory or legal consequences arising from the crisis.
- Examples: Breach of regulatory compliance, potential for legal action, violation of industry standards.

## 4. Media and Public Attention:

- The level of media coverage and public scrutiny the crisis is likely to attract.
- o Examples: Negative media coverage, social media backlash, public protests.

## 5. Resource Availability:

- The availability of internal and external resources to manage the crisis effectively.
- Examples: Availability of key personnel, access to emergency funds, support from external agencies.

By adhering to this activation process and criteria, our organization ensures a prompt and coordinated response to crises, minimizing potential damage and maintaining stakeholder trust.

## 3. Crisis Identification and Risk Assessment

## 3.1 Crisis Identification

[Outline methods for identifying potential crises. Specify how crises will be reported and to whom.]

## **Example:**

Methods for Identifying Crises

- 1. Incident Reporting System:
  - An internal incident reporting system is in place to allow employees and stakeholders to report potential crises promptly.
  - o Reports can be submitted via an online portal, email, or a dedicated crisis hotline.
  - Incident Reporting Contact Information:
    - Online Portal: [Link to Portal]
    - Email: crisisreport@example.com
    - Hotline: (123) 456-7891
- 2. Monitoring and Surveillance:
  - Continuous monitoring of various channels, including social media, news outlets, industry reports, and regulatory updates, to detect early signs of a crisis.
  - Use of automated tools and software to track mentions of the organization and related keywords across digital platforms.
- 3. Internal Communication Channels:
  - Regular communication with employees, management, and other internal stakeholders to gather information on potential issues.
  - Encouragement of a culture of openness where employees feel comfortable reporting concerns without fear of retaliation.
- 4. Customer Feedback:
  - Analysis of customer feedback received through support channels, surveys, and social media to identify emerging issues that could escalate into a crisis.
  - Establishment of a process for frontline customer service representatives to escalate potential crisis indicators to management.
- 5. Regulatory and Compliance Audits:
  - Regular audits and reviews of compliance with industry regulations and internal policies to identify vulnerabilities and areas of concern.
  - Collaboration with legal and regulatory teams to stay informed about new regulations and potential risks.

## Reporting Process

- 1. Initial Report Submission:
  - Any employee or stakeholder who identifies a potential crisis must submit an initial report using the established incident reporting system.

• The report should include details such as the nature of the issue, the affected parties, the potential impact, and any immediate actions taken.

## 2. Acknowledgment of Report:

- Upon receiving an incident report, the Crisis Manager or designated team member acknowledges receipt of the report within 24 hours.
- The reporting individual is informed of the next steps and any immediate actions required.

## 3. Preliminary Review:

- The Crisis Manager conducts a preliminary review of the incident report to assess its validity and severity.
- o Initial information is gathered, and the relevant CMT members are notified.

#### 4. Documentation:

- All reported incidents are documented in a centralized crisis management database.
- Documentation includes the details of the report, actions taken, and any follow-up required.

#### Escalation:

- If the preliminary review indicates a significant threat, the incident is escalated to the full Crisis Management Team for further assessment and action.
- Criteria for escalation include the severity of impact, scope, and potential for media or public attention.

## 3.2 Crisis Risk Assessment

[Detail the process for assessing the severity and potential impact of a crisis. Include criteria for categorizing crises (e.g., minor, moderate, severe).]

#### **Assessment Process**

## 1. Gather Initial Information:

- Collect all available information regarding the crisis from initial reports, monitoring tools, and stakeholder communications.
- o Ensure that information is accurate, verified, and comprehensive.

#### 2. Establish Assessment Criteria:

- Use predefined criteria to evaluate the crisis. Key criteria include:
  - Impact on Operations: The extent to which the crisis affects the organization's ability to continue its operations.
  - Reputation Damage: The potential for the crisis to harm the organization's public image and stakeholder trust.
  - Financial Implications: The estimated financial loss or cost associated with the crisis.
  - Safety and Legal Issues: The risk to the health and safety of employees and stakeholders, and any legal ramifications.

## 3. Severity Categorization:

- Based on the assessment criteria, categorize the crisis into one of the following levels:
  - Minor: Limited impact on operations, minimal reputational damage, no significant financial loss, and low safety/legal risks.
  - Moderate: Noticeable impact on operations, moderate reputational damage, manageable financial loss, and moderate safety/legal risks.
  - Severe: Major disruption to operations, severe reputational damage, significant financial loss, and high safety/legal risks.

#### 4. Risk Matrix:

- Utilize a risk matrix to visualize the severity and likelihood of the crisis. Plot the crisis on the matrix based on its impact and probability.
- Example Risk Matrix:
  - X-Axis: Probability (Low, Medium, High)
  - Y-Axis: Impact (Minor, Moderate, Severe)
  - Plot the crisis in the appropriate quadrant to determine its overall risk level.

#### 5. Stakeholder Analysis:

- Identify all stakeholders affected by the crisis, including employees, customers, suppliers, regulators, and the general public.
- Assess the potential impact on each stakeholder group and their likely reactions.

## 6. Scenario Planning:

- Develop potential scenarios based on different levels of crisis escalation.
   Consider best-case, worst-case, and most likely scenarios.
- Outline the response actions required for each scenario to mitigate risks and manage the crisis effectively.

## 7. Communication Strategy:

- Based on the severity and potential impact, determine the appropriate communication strategy.
- Develop key messages tailored to each stakeholder group, ensuring transparency and consistency.

#### Assessment Criteria

Criteria	Description	Rating Scale
Impact on Operations	Extent to which the crisis disrupts organizational activities	None, Low, Medium, High
Reputation Damage	Potential harm to the organization's public image and stakeholder trust	None, Low, Medium, High
Financial Implications	Estimated financial loss or cost associated with the crisis	None, Low, Medium, High

Safety and Legal Risk to health and consequences	afety, and potential legal None, Low, Medium, High
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## **Example Assessment**

- 1. Crisis Description:
  - A data breach affecting customer information has been identified.
- 2. Impact on Operations:
  - Medium: Some disruption to IT systems, but core operations continue.
- 3. Reputation Damage:
  - High: Significant risk to customer trust and potential negative media coverage.
- 4. Financial Implications:
  - o High: Potential fines, compensation costs, and loss of business.
- 5. Safety and Legal Risks:
  - Medium: Legal implications due to breach of data protection regulations.
- 6. Risk Matrix Placement:
  - o High probability and high impact, placing the crisis in the high-risk quadrant.
- Stakeholder Analysis:
  - o Affected stakeholders include customers, employees, regulators, and the media.
- 8. Scenario Planning:
  - Best-case: Quick containment and transparent communication limit damage.
  - Worst-case: Extensive media coverage and legal action lead to severe reputational and financial loss.
  - Most likely: Moderate media coverage, some customer attrition, and regulatory scrutiny.
- 9. Communication Strategy:
  - Immediate notification to affected customers, transparent media statements, and regular updates to regulators and internal stakeholders.

## 4. Communication Protocols

## 4.1 Internal Communication

[Describe how information will be communicated within the organization during a crisis. Include protocols for regular updates to employees.]

Communicatio n Method	Description	Responsible Person	Frequency	Content
Email Updates	Regular email updates will be sent to all employees to provide information on the crisis, response actions, and any changes to operations.	Communication Lead	As needed, with a minimum of daily updates during an active crisis.	
Intranet Portal	A dedicated section on the company intranet will be used to post updates, FAQs, and resources related to the crisis.	IT Lead	-	Crisis updates, response plans, contact information, support resources.
Town Hall Meetings	Virtual or in-person town hall meetings will be held to provide updates, address employee concerns, and answer questions. (Zoom, Microsoft Teams, or in-person)	Crisis Manager and HR Lead	As needed, typically at key stages of the crisis response.	
Instant Messaging	Use of internal messaging platforms (e.g., Slack, Microsoft Teams) for real-time updates and	Communication Lead		

	communications.		
Bulletin Boards	Physical bulletin boards in common areas (for on-site employees) will display important updates and instructions.	HR Lead	Key updates, safety instructions, contact information.

## **Update Protocols**

#### 1. Initial Notification:

- As soon as a crisis is identified and the CMT is activated, an initial notification will be sent to all employees.
- Content: Brief description of the crisis, initial response actions, and reassurance that further updates will follow.

## 2. Regular Updates:

- Regular updates will be provided at least once daily or more frequently if the situation changes rapidly.
- Updates will include new developments, ongoing response actions, and any changes to operational procedures.

## 3. Emergency Alerts:

- For urgent updates that require immediate attention, emergency alerts will be sent via SMS or instant messaging platforms.
- Content: Clear and concise instructions on immediate actions required.

## 4. Employee Feedback:

- Mechanisms for employees to ask questions and provide feedback will be established (e.g., through the intranet portal or during town hall meetings).
- Responsible Person: HR Lead
- Response Time: All queries should be acknowledged within 24 hours.

## 4.2 External Communication

[Outline the procedures for communicating with external stakeholders, including media, customers, suppliers, regulatory bodies, and the general public.]

## 4.3 Communication Channels

[List the communication channels to be used (e.g., press releases, social media, website updates, email). Provide guidelines for using each channel.]

Communication Method	Stakeholder	Responsible Person	Frequency	Content/Format
Press Releases	Provide official statements and updates to the media	Communication Lead	As needed, with an initial release as soon as possible after the crisis is identified, followed by regular updates.	*see press release template
Social Media (Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Instagram, etc)	Provide real-time updates and engage with the public	Social Media Manager		Crisis updates, safety instructions, responses to public inquiries
Website Updates	A dedicated crisis update section on the organization's website will be maintained to provide comprehensive information and resources.	IT Lead and Web Content Manager		Official statements, FAQs, impact on services, contact information.
Customer Communication	Direct communication with customers through email, SMS, and customer service channels.	Customer Service Lead		Information on how the crisis affects products/service s, steps being taken to address the situation, and how customers can get assistance.
Stakeholder Briefings	Regular briefings with key stakeholders, including investors, regulators, and business partners.	Crisis Manager and Legal Advisor	As needed, typically at key stages of the crisis response.	Virtual meetings, conference calls, or written updates.

Media Inquiries	A dedicated team to handle media inquiries and provide timely responses.	Media Relations Manager	Media hotline, email address for press inquiries.

## Communication Protocols

#### 1. Initial Statement:

- An initial statement will be issued within the first few hours of the crisis being identified.
- Content: Brief description of the crisis, confirmation that the CMT is addressing the situation, and commitment to provide updates.

## 2. Regular Updates:

- Regular updates will be issued to provide new information, actions taken, and next steps.
- Frequency: At least once daily, or more frequently if significant developments occur.

## 3. Consistency and Accuracy:

- Ensure all communications are consistent, accurate, and aligned with the organization's messaging.
- Approval Process: All external communications must be reviewed and approved by the Communication Lead and Legal Advisor before release.

## 4. Transparency and Accountability:

- Communicate transparently about the situation and the organization's response efforts.
- Content: Acknowledge any mistakes or shortcomings, provide explanations, and outline corrective measures.

## 5. Monitoring and Feedback:

- Monitor media coverage, social media conversations, and public sentiment to gauge the effectiveness of communication efforts.
- o Responsible Person: Social Media Manager and Media Relations Manager
- Action: Adjust communication strategies based on feedback and emerging issues.

## 4.4 Message Development

[Explain the process for developing and approving crisis messages. Include templates for initial statements and updates.]

## Message Development Process

1. Information Gathering:

- Collect accurate and comprehensive information about the crisis from all relevant sources, including the Crisis Management Team, incident reports, and monitoring tools.
- Responsible Person: Communication Lead
- Sources: Internal reports, media coverage, social media, official statements.

## 2. Message Drafting:

- Draft initial messages that address the key aspects of the crisis, including what happened, who is affected, what actions are being taken, and what stakeholders need to do.
- o Responsible Person: Communication Lead and Content Team
- Content: Clear, concise, and factual information.

## 3. Review and Approval:

- All messages must be reviewed and approved by the Crisis Manager, Legal Advisor, and any other relevant CMT members to ensure accuracy, compliance, and consistency.
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and Legal Advisor
- Approval Timeframe: Within 2 hours for urgent messages, 24 hours for less time-sensitive updates.

## 4. Key Message Components:

- o Introduction: Acknowledge the crisis and express concern for those affected.
- o Details of the Crisis: Provide a brief, factual summary of what happened.
- Impact: Explain how the crisis affects stakeholders and the organization.
- Actions Taken: Outline the steps being taken to address the crisis.
- o Call to Action: Provide clear instructions or recommendations for stakeholders.
- Contact Information: Offer channels for stakeholders to get more information or assistance.

## 4.5 Spokesperson Identification

[Identify the primary and backup spokespersons. Provide guidelines for spokesperson conduct and message delivery.]

Spokesperson	Contact Info	
Primary	[Name, phone number, email, etc]	
Backup		

## Spokesperson Guidelines

## 1. Training and Preparation:

- Spokespersons must undergo regular media training to develop effective communication skills and crisis response techniques.
- Training includes mock interviews, message delivery practice, and review of past crisis communications.

## 2. Message Consistency:

- Ensure that all communications are aligned with the key messages developed by the Crisis Management Team.
- Avoid speculation and stick to verified facts to maintain credibility and trust.

## 3. Calm and Professional Demeanor:

- Maintain a calm and professional demeanor during all interactions with the media and the public.
- Show empathy and concern for those affected by the crisis.

## 4. Transparency and Honesty:

- Communicate transparently about the situation and the organization's response efforts.
- Acknowledge any limitations in the information available and commit to providing updates as more details become known.

#### Coordination with CMT:

- Coordinate closely with the Crisis Management Team to ensure that all information shared is accurate and up-to-date.
- Regularly participate in CMT meetings and briefings to stay informed about the latest developments.

## 6. Media Interaction Protocol:

- Prepare key messages and talking points before any media interaction.
- Listen carefully to questions and respond clearly and concisely.
- Redirect any questions outside the spokesperson's scope to the appropriate team member or department.

## 5. Crisis Response

## 5.1 Initial Response

[Detail the steps to be taken immediately after a crisis is identified. Include initial communication actions and stakeholder notifications.]

## Initial Response Steps

- 1. Activate the Crisis Management Team (CMT):
  - The Crisis Manager immediately activates the CMT upon identifying the crisis.
  - Notification is sent to all CMT members via phone, email, and emergency notification systems.
  - o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
  - o Notification Method: Phone call, email, emergency notification system
- 2. Assess the Situation:
  - Conduct a preliminary assessment to determine the severity and scope of the crisis.
  - Gather initial information from all available sources, including incident reports, eyewitness accounts, and monitoring tools.
  - Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and relevant CMT members
  - Assessment Criteria: Impact on operations, safety risks, reputational damage, financial implications
- 3. Establish Initial Communication:
  - Communicate the initial assessment and response plan to all employees.
  - Issue an initial public statement acknowledging the crisis and outlining the steps being taken.
  - o Internal Communication Lead: Jane Smith
  - External Communication Lead: John Doe
  - o Communication Channels: Email, intranet, press release, social media
- 4. Secure the Affected Area:
  - Ensure the safety and security of all employees and stakeholders in the affected area.
  - Evacuate if necessary and provide immediate medical assistance to those in need.
  - Responsible Person: HR Lead and Safety Officer
  - Safety Measures: Evacuation plans, medical support, securing the premises
- 5. Deploy Crisis Response Resources:
  - Mobilize resources and support teams to manage the immediate needs of the crisis.
  - This may include IT support for cyber incidents, legal counsel, PR teams, and additional security personnel.
  - Responsible Person: Operations Lead
  - Resources Deployed: IT support, legal team, PR team, security personnel
- 6. Set Up a Command Center:

- Establish a central command center to coordinate the crisis response efforts.
- Ensure that all necessary communication tools and resources are available at the command center.
- o Responsible Person: IT Lead and Operations Lead
- Location: [Designated Command Center Location]

## 7. Notify Key Stakeholders:

- Inform key stakeholders, including customers, suppliers, regulators, and partners, about the crisis and the steps being taken to address it.
- Provide clear and concise information to manage expectations and reduce uncertainty.
- o Responsible Person: Customer Service Lead and Legal Advisor
- Stakeholders Notified: Customers, suppliers, regulators, business partners

## 5.2 Ongoing Management

[Describe procedures for managing the crisis over time, including:

## Regular CMT Meetings

#### 1. Scheduled Meetings:

- The Crisis Management Team (CMT) will hold regular meetings to review the status of the crisis and adjust response strategies as needed.
- Frequency: Every 4 hours during the initial phase, then every 8 hours as the situation stabilizes.
- Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
- o Meeting Platform: In-person, video conference, or conference call
- o Agenda:
  - Review current situation and updates
  - Assess the effectiveness of response actions
  - Identify new issues or challenges
  - Plan next steps and assign tasks

## Continuous Assessment and Adjustment

## 2. Monitoring and Analysis:

- Continuously monitor the crisis situation through various channels, including news reports, social media, internal reports, and feedback from stakeholders.
- Analyze data to identify trends, potential risks, and areas needing attention.
- o Responsible Person: IT Lead and Communication Lead
- Tools Used: Monitoring software, social media analytics, incident reports

#### 3. Adjust Response Strategies:

- Based on the continuous assessment, adjust the response strategies to address new developments and emerging issues.
- Ensure that all adjustments are communicated to the CMT and relevant stakeholders promptly.

- Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
- Documentation: Update the crisis management plan and action logs

## Ongoing Communication Updates

## 4. Internal Updates:

- Provide regular updates to employees about the status of the crisis and any changes to operations or safety protocols.
- Use multiple communication channels such as email, intranet, and internal messaging platforms.
- o Responsible Person: HR Lead and Internal Communication Lead
- o Frequency: At least once per shift or as significant updates occur

### 5. External Updates:

- Continue to communicate with external stakeholders, including customers, media, regulators, and the public.
- Issue regular press releases, social media posts, and website updates to keep stakeholders informed.
- Responsible Person: Communication Lead and Social Media Manager
- o Frequency: Daily or as significant updates occur

## Coordination with External Agencies

## 6. Collaboration with Authorities:

- Maintain close communication with local authorities, emergency services, and regulatory bodies to ensure coordinated efforts.
- Provide necessary information and support to these agencies as required.
- Responsible Person: Legal Advisor and Operations Lead
- Agencies Involved: Police, fire department, health agencies, regulatory bodies

## 7. Stakeholder Engagement:

- Engage with key stakeholders, including investors, business partners, and community leaders, to provide updates and address concerns.
- Schedule regular briefings and Q&A sessions to maintain transparency and trust.
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and Customer Service Lead
- o Frequency: Weekly or as significant updates occur

## Resource Management

## 8. Allocation of Resources:

- Ensure that adequate resources (personnel, financial, technological) are allocated to manage the crisis effectively.
- Monitor resource usage and make adjustments as necessary to meet changing needs.
- Responsible Person: Operations Lead and Finance Lead

## 9. Support Services:

 Provide support services to employees and stakeholders affected by the crisis, such as counseling, medical assistance, and financial support.

- o Responsible Person: HR Lead
- Services Offered: Employee Assistance Program (EAP), temporary housing, emergency financial aid

## Documentation and Record-Keeping

#### 10. Maintain Records:

- Keep detailed records of all actions taken, decisions made, and communications issued during the crisis.
- Ensure that all documentation is accurate, complete, and securely stored for future reference and review.
- Responsible Person: Legal Advisor and IT Lead
- Documentation: Crisis management log, meeting minutes, communication records

## 5.3 Post-Crisis Review

[Outline the steps for conducting a post-crisis review. Include procedures for collecting feedback, analyzing the response, and identifying lessons learned.]

## Post-Crisis Review Steps

- 1. Conduct a Debriefing Meeting:
  - Convene the Crisis Management Team (CMT) and relevant stakeholders to conduct an initial debriefing meeting within 72 hours after the crisis has been resolved.
  - Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
  - Agenda:
    - Overview of the crisis and timeline of events
    - Review of actions taken and decisions made
    - Discussion of what went well and areas for improvement
  - Meeting Platform: In-person or video conference

## 2. Collect Feedback:

- Gather feedback from all participants involved in the crisis response, including CMT members, employees, and external stakeholders.
- Use surveys, interviews, and feedback forms to collect comprehensive insights.
- Responsible Person: HR Lead and Communication Lead
- Tools Used: Online surveys, feedback forms, one-on-one interviews
- 3. Analyze Response Effectiveness:
  - Evaluate the effectiveness of the crisis response based on key performance indicators (KPIs) such as response time, communication clarity, stakeholder satisfaction, and resource allocation.
  - o Identify strengths and weaknesses in the crisis management process.
  - Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and Operations Lead

Metrics: Response time, stakeholder feedback, financial impact, operational impact

#### 4. Document Lessons Learned:

- o Compile a detailed report documenting the lessons learned from the crisis.
- Highlight successful strategies and areas needing improvement.
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and Legal Advisor
- O Report Content:
  - Summary of the crisis and response actions
  - Key findings from feedback and analysis
  - Recommendations for future improvements

## 5. Update Crisis Communication Plan:

- Revise the Crisis Communication Plan based on the lessons learned and recommendations from the post-crisis review.
- Ensure that all changes are communicated to relevant personnel and integrated into training programs.
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and Communication Lead
- Documentation: Updated crisis communication plan, revised protocols, new training materials

## 6. Share Findings with Stakeholders:

- Communicate the findings and improvements from the post-crisis review to key stakeholders, including employees, customers, investors, and regulatory bodies.
- Ensure transparency and demonstrate the organization's commitment to continuous improvement.
- o Responsible Person: Communication Lead and Customer Service Lead
- Communication Channels: Email updates, intranet announcements, stakeholder meetings

## Example Post-Crisis Review Report Outline

## 1. Introduction:

o Brief description of the crisis and its impact on the organization

## 2. Crisis Timeline:

- Detailed timeline of key events and actions taken
- 3. Response Evaluation:
  - Assessment of the response effectiveness, including KPIs and feedback analysis

## 4. Key Findings:

- Strengths and successful strategies
- Weaknesses and areas for improvement

## 5. Recommendations:

Specific recommendations for improving future crisis management efforts

#### Action Plan:

 Steps to implement the recommendations, including responsible persons and deadlines

#### 7. Conclusion:

 Summary of the post-crisis review and the organization's commitment to learning and improvement

## 6. Training and Exercises

## 6.1 Training Programs

[Describe the training programs for CMT members and other key personnel. Include the frequency and content of training sessions.]

- 1. Crisis Management Team Training:
  - Objective: To equip the CMT with the skills and knowledge required to manage crises effectively.
  - o Content:
    - Overview of the Crisis Communication Plan
    - Roles and responsibilities of CMT members
    - Crisis identification and assessment
    - Communication strategies and message development
    - Decision-making under pressure
    - Coordination with external agencies and stakeholders
  - o Format: In-person workshops, online modules, and role-playing exercises
  - Frequency: Quarterly
  - Duration: 1 day (8 hours)
  - o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and HR Lead
- 2. Employee Awareness Training:
  - Objective: To ensure that all employees understand their roles during a crisis and know how to respond appropriately.
  - Content:
    - Introduction to the Crisis Communication Plan
    - Reporting procedures for potential crises
    - Basic crisis response protocols
    - Internal communication channels during a crisis
    - Personal safety and evacuation procedures
  - Format: Online training modules and interactive sessions
  - Frequency: Annually, with refresher courses as needed
  - o Duration: 2 hours
  - o Responsible Person: HR Lead and Internal Communication Lead
- 3. Spokesperson Training:
  - Objective: To prepare designated spokespersons to communicate effectively with the media and the public during a crisis.
- Content:
  - Media relations and handling press inquiries
  - Crafting and delivering key messages
  - Techniques for managing difficult questions
  - Maintaining composure under pressure
  - Simulated press conferences and interviews
  - Format: In-person workshops and mock interviews
  - Frequency: Biannually

- Duration: 1 day (8 hours)
- o Responsible Person: Communication Lead and PR Consultant

#### 4. Simulation Exercises:

- Objective: To test the effectiveness of the Crisis Communication Plan and the readiness of the Crisis Management Team and employees.
- o Content:
  - Full-scale crisis simulation based on realistic scenarios
  - Real-time decision-making and coordination
  - Post-exercise debrief and evaluation
  - Identifying gaps and areas for improvement
- Format: Live drills and tabletop exercises
- Frequency: Biannually
- Duration: 1 day (8 hours)
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and External Consultant
- 5. Specialized Training for Key Roles:
  - Objective: To provide specialized training for key roles within the CMT, such as IT Lead, Legal Advisor, and HR Lead.
  - o Content:
    - Role-specific responsibilities and protocols
    - Crisis impact assessment and mitigation strategies
    - Legal and regulatory compliance during crises
    - IT security measures and cyber incident response
    - Employee support and communication strategies
  - Format: Workshops and online courses
  - Frequency: Annually
  - Duration: 4 hours per session
  - Responsible Person: Relevant department heads (IT Lead, Legal Advisor, HR Lead)

## Monitoring and Evaluation

- 1. Training Feedback:
  - Collect feedback from participants after each training session to evaluate the effectiveness and identify areas for improvement.
  - Tools Used: Online surveys, feedback forms
  - Responsible Person: HR Lead
- Performance Metrics:
  - Measure the performance of the CMT and employees during simulation exercises to assess preparedness and response capabilities.
  - Metrics: Response time, decision-making effectiveness, communication clarity
  - Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
- 3. Continuous Improvement:
  - Regularly review and update training programs based on feedback, performance metrics, and lessons learned from actual crisis responses.
  - o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and HR Lead

## 6.2 Simulation Exercises

[Detail the schedule and format of crisis simulation exercises. Explain how exercises will be evaluated and how feedback will be used to improve the plan.]

## Simulation Exercise Description

## 1. Objective:

- To evaluate the readiness and response capabilities of the Crisis Management Team and relevant employees.
- To identify strengths and areas for improvement in the Crisis Communication Plan.
- To provide hands-on experience in managing a simulated crisis scenario.

## 2. Scenario Development:

- Create realistic and challenging crisis scenarios that reflect potential risks to the organization.
- Scenarios should cover a range of crises, including natural disasters, cyber-attacks, product recalls, and reputational threats.
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and External Consultant
- **Example Scenario:** A data breach compromising customer information and leading to media scrutiny.

#### 3. Preparation:

- Develop detailed scripts and injects (unexpected developments) to guide the simulation.
- Prepare all necessary materials, including communication templates, checklists, and evaluation forms.
- o Brief all participants on their roles and responsibilities during the exercise.
- o Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and IT Lead

### **Execution of Simulation Exercises**

## 1. Exercise Launch:

- Start the simulation with a clear briefing on the scenario and objectives.
- Distribute initial information to all participants, simulating how they would receive it in a real crisis.
- Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
- Location: Designated command center or virtual platform

#### 2. Role-Playing:

- Participants enact their roles, making decisions and taking actions as they would in an actual crisis.
- Injects are introduced at various points to simulate evolving situations and test adaptability.

 Participants: CMT members, selected employees, external stakeholders (if applicable)

#### 3. Communication:

- Test internal and external communication protocols, including message development, approval processes, and dissemination.
- Conduct mock press conferences, social media updates, and stakeholder briefings.
- Responsible Person: Communication Lead and Social Media Manager

### 4. Decision-Making:

- Evaluate the decision-making processes of the CMT, including the assessment of information, coordination among team members, and execution of the crisis response plan.
- Responsible Person: Crisis Manager

#### Post-Exercise Evaluation

- 1. Debriefing Session:
  - Conduct an immediate debriefing session to gather initial feedback from participants.
  - Discuss what went well, what challenges were encountered, and initial impressions of the exercise.
  - Responsible Person: Crisis Manager
  - o **Duration:** 1-2 hours

## 2. Detailed Evaluation:

- Analyze the performance metrics, including response time, decision-making effectiveness, communication clarity, and adherence to protocols.
- Collect detailed feedback through surveys and one-on-one interviews with participants.
- Responsible Person: HR Lead and External Consultant

## 3. Report Findings:

- Compile a comprehensive report detailing the findings from the simulation exercise, including strengths, weaknesses, and areas for improvement.
- Report Content:
  - Summary of the scenario and events
  - Performance evaluation of CMT and participants
  - Key takeaways and lessons learned
  - Recommendations for improvement
- Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and Communication Lead
- 4. Update Crisis Communication Plan:
  - Revise the Crisis Communication Plan based on the findings and recommendations from the simulation exercise.
  - Incorporate feedback to enhance response strategies, communication protocols, and training programs.
  - Responsible Person: Crisis Manager and HR Lead
- 5. Follow-Up Training:

- Schedule follow-up training sessions to address identified weaknesses and reinforce successful strategies.
- o Ensure continuous improvement and preparedness for future crises.
- o Responsible Person: HR Lead

# 7. Appendices

## 7.1 Contact Lists

[Provide up-to-date contact information for CMT members, key personnel, and external stakeholders.]

Crisis Management Team (CMT)

Name	Role	Phone	Email
	Crisis Manager		
	Communication Lead		
	Legal Advisor		
	HR Lead		
	IT Lead		
	Operations Lead		

## Key Internal Personnel

Name	Role	Phone	Email
	CEO		
	CFO		
	Chief Marketing Officer		
	Facilities Manager		
	Health and Safety Officer		

## Media Contacts

Name	Organization	Phone	Email
[Reporter/Journalist]	[News Organization]		

# Regulatory Contacts

Name	Organization	Phone	Email
	Health Department		
	Safety Compliance Office		

## **Customer Service Contacts**

Name	Role	Phone	Email
	Support Team Lead		
	Sales Department		

# **Emergency Services**

Service	Phone
Police	
Fire Department	
Ambulance	
Local Hospital	

•

## **Utilities Contacts**

Service	Organization	Phone
Electricity		
Water Supply		
Gas		

# Key Suppliers

Name	Organization	Phone	Email

# Key Customers/Clients

Name	Organization	Phone	Email

## 7.2 Templates and Forms

[Include templates for press releases, internal memos, and other communication tools. Provide forms for crisis assessment, incident reporting, and post-crisis reviews.]

Holding Statement Template

[Your Company Logo]
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
[Date]

Holding Statement: [Brief Description of the Incident]

[City, State] – [Date] – [Your Company Name]

We are aware of an incident that occurred on [date] at [location]. We are currently investigating the situation and gathering all the relevant details. Our priority is to ensure the safety and well-being of our employees, customers, and the community.

We are working closely with [relevant authorities/agencies] to address the situation as quickly and efficiently as possible. At this time, we do not have all the facts, but we are committed to providing accurate and timely information as soon as it becomes available.

Statement from Leadership:

"[Name, Title] stated, 'Our thoughts are with everyone affected by this incident. We are doing everything we can to support those impacted and to address the situation. We appreciate your patience and understanding as we work through this."

We will provide updates as soon as we have more information. In the meantime, please direct any inquiries to:

Contact Information:

[Name]

[Title]

[Phone Number]

[Email Address]

We thank you for your understanding and cooperation during this time.

[Your Company Name]

[Address]

[Phone Number]

[Email Address]

[Website URL]

Press Release Template

[Your Company Logo]

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

[Date]

Headline: [Brief, Clear Statement of the Incident]

Subheadline: [A more detailed description, if necessary]

[City, State] – [Date] – [Your Company Name]

Introduction: Briefly describe the nature of the crisis. Include what happened, when it occurred, and the immediate impact.

Example: "On [Date], [Your Company Name] experienced a [brief description of the crisis]. This incident occurred at [location] and resulted in [immediate impact, such as injuries, service disruptions, data breaches, etc.]."

Body:

Details of the Incident: Provide a more detailed account of what happened. Include key facts and any verified information that is available. Be transparent but careful not to speculate. Example: "At approximately [time], [description of the events leading to the crisis]. The cause of the incident is currently under investigation, and we are working closely with [relevant authorities or agencies]."

Company's Response: Explain the immediate actions your company has taken in response to the crisis. This can include safety measures, investigations, communication with authorities, and support for those affected.

Example: "We have initiated our emergency response plan, which includes [specific actions taken]. Our priority is the safety and well-being of our employees, customers, and the community. We have [steps taken to mitigate the crisis]."

Statements from Leadership: Include a quote from a senior executive or spokesperson expressing empathy, commitment to resolution, and future preventative measures.

Example: "[Name, Title] stated, 'We are deeply saddened by this incident and are committed to taking all necessary steps to ensure it does not happen again. Our thoughts are with those affected, and we are doing everything we can to support them during this difficult time."

Future Actions: Outline the steps your company plans to take to prevent similar incidents in the future. Mention any policy changes, safety improvements, or additional training.

Example: "We will be conducting a thorough review of our [relevant processes] and implementing additional safety measures, including [specific actions]."

Contact Information: Provide contact details for media inquiries and further information. Include a name, phone number, and email address.

Example: "For further information, please contact: [Name] [Title] [Phone Number] [Email Address]"

Company Information: Include a brief boilerplate about your company. This should be a standard paragraph used in all press releases.

Example: "About [Your Company Name]: [Your Company Name] is a leading provider of [products/services]. Established in [year], we are committed to [brief mission statement]. For more information, visit [company website]."

[Your Company Name]
[Address]
[Phone Number]
[Email Address]
[Website URL]

Media Statement Template

[Organization Name]

[Date]

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

[Headline]

Brief, attention-grabbing headline summarizing the key message.

[City, State] – [Date] – [Organization Name] is currently responding to [brief description of the crisis]. Our primary concern is the safety and well-being of our employees, customers, and the community. We are taking immediate steps to address the situation and provide support to those affected.

#### Incident Overview:

- What happened: [Provide a factual description of the incident]
- When it happened: [Date and time of the incident]
- Where it happened: [Location of the incident]

#### Response Actions:

- Immediate actions taken: [List the steps taken to address the crisis]
- Support provided: [Describe any support being offered to those affected]
- Coordination with authorities: [Mention any collaboration with emergency services or authorities]

#### Impact Assessment:

- Operational impact: [Briefly describe how operations are affected]
- Safety impact: [Mention any injuries or safety concerns]
- Reputation impact: [Address any potential impact on the organization's reputation]

#### Stakeholder Communication:

- Employees: [Summary of internal communication efforts]
- Customers: [Summary of communication with customers]
- Public and media: [Summary of public and media communication efforts]

#### Official Statement from [Organization Leader's Name, Title]:

"We are deeply concerned about the incident that occurred [when/where]. Our top priority is ensuring the safety and well-being of everyone affected. We are working diligently to address the situation and will provide regular updates as more information becomes available."

Next Steps:

- Ongoing response efforts: [Describe any ongoing actions or investigations]
- Future updates: [Mention how and when the organization will provide further updates]

## Contact Information: For more information, please contact:

- Name: [Media Relations Contact Name]
- Title: [Title of Media Relations Contact]
- Phone: [Contact Phone Number]
- Email: [Contact Email Address]

#### About [Organization Name]

Brief description of the organization, including its mission, vision, and any relevant background information.

#### End of Statement

Note to Editors: [Optional additional information or context for media outlets]

## Internal Memo Template

[Your Company Logo] Internal Memo [Date]

Subject: Important Update on [Crisis/Event]

#### Dear Team,

We are writing to inform you about an important situation that has arisen. [Brief description of the crisis/event] occurred on [date] at [location]. Here's what we know so far:

- What happened: [Brief, factual description of the incident]
- When it occurred: [Date and time]
- Where it occurred: [Location]
- Impact: [Initial impact, such as injuries, service disruptions, data breaches, etc.]

#### Our Response:

Incident Overview:

Our primary concern is the safety and well-being of our employees, customers, and community. Here are the immediate steps we have taken:

- [Action 1]
- [Action 2]
- [Action 3]

#### Support and Resources:

We understand that this situation may cause concern and uncertainty. We are committed to providing support and resources to our employees:

- [Support Measure 1: e.g., counseling services, hotlines, etc.]
- [Support Measure 2]
- [Support Measure 3]

## What You Need to Know:

- Workplace Safety: [Any changes to workplace safety protocols or procedures]
- Operational Changes: [Information on any changes to work hours, remote work policies, etc.]
- Communication: [How and when updates will be provided]

#### Your Role:

We need your cooperation and assistance to navigate this challenging time:

- Stay Informed: Please check your email and company intranet regularly for updates.
- Be Supportive: Offer support to your colleagues and reach out if you need help.
- Follow Guidelines: Adhere to any new safety protocols or procedures.

#### Leadership Statement:

"[Name, Title] stated, 'We are deeply concerned about this incident and are taking all necessary steps to address the situation and support our team. Our priority is to ensure everyone's safety and to provide the resources needed during this time."

**Contact Information:** 

If you have any questions or need further assistance, please contact:

- [Name, Title, Contact Information]
- [Name, Title, Contact Information]

Thank you for your attention and cooperation. We will continue to provide updates as more information becomes available. Your safety and well-being are our top priorities.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

[Your Title]

[Company Name]

# Social Media Post Template

## [Company Name]

Affected Stakeholders:

We are aware of the [incident/crisis] that occurred on [date] at [location]. Our priority is the safety and well-being of everyone involved. We are working closely with [relevant authorities/agencies] and will provide updates as soon as more information is available. Thank you for your understanding and support.

For more details, visit [link to official statement or company website].

Crisis Assessment Template
1. Crisis Overview
Date:
Time:
Reported By:
Location:
Crisis Description:
<ul> <li>Type of Crisis: (e.g., natural disaster, cyber-attack, product recall)</li> </ul>
Brief Description:
Affected Areas/Departments:
2. Initial Impact Accessment
2. Initial Impact Assessment
Impact on Operations:
<ul> <li>Describe how the crisis is affecting day-to-day operations:</li> </ul>
O
Safety and Security:
<ul> <li>Any injuries or safety concerns for employees, customers, or the public:</li> </ul>
Reputation:
<ul> <li>Potential impact on the organization's reputation:</li> </ul>
0
Financial Implications:
<ul> <li>Estimated financial impact (e.g., loss, cost of response):</li> </ul>
0
Legal and Regulatory:
<ul> <li>Any legal or regulatory issues arising from the crisis:</li> </ul>
0
3. Stakeholder Analysis

Emplo	yees: Impact:	
0	Communication Needed:	
Custor	mers.	-
0	Impact:	
0	_ Communication Needed:	
Suppli	ers:	-
О	Impact:	
0	Communication Needed:	
Customers: Impact: Commur  Suppliers: Impact: Commur  Regulators: Impact: Commur  Media/Public: Impact:		-
0	Communication Needed:	
Media	/Public:	-
0	Communication Needed:	-
	Custor  Suppli  Regula  Media	<ul> <li>□ Impact:</li> <li>□ Communication Needed:</li> <li>□ Impact:</li> <li>□ Communication Needed:</li> <li>Suppliers:</li> <li>□ Impact:</li> <li>□ Communication Needed:</li> <li>Regulators:</li> <li>□ Impact:</li> <li>□ Communication Needed:</li> <li>Media/Public:</li> <li>□ Impact:</li> </ul>

## 4. Severity and Risk Assessment

Severity Levels:

- Low: Minor impact, limited to a small area or department, quickly controllable.
- Moderate: Noticeable impact, affects multiple areas or departments, requires significant effort to control.
- High: Severe impact, organization-wide, requires extensive resources and coordination to manage.

#### Likelihood of Escalation:

- Low: Unlikely to escalate further.
- Moderate: Possible to escalate but can be managed with proper actions.
- High: Likely to escalate, requiring immediate and robust response.

#### Assessment Matrix:

Impact	Probability	Severity Level	

	Low	Low	Minor
Moderate		Moderate	Moderate
	High	High	Severe
5 Response Actions			<u> </u>

High	High	Severe		
5. Respons	se Actions	<u> </u>	1	
-	Immediate Actions Taken:			
<ul><li>List</li></ul>	of actions a	already taken to addr	ess the crisis:	
	0			
	o			
	Actions Req			
• Act		-	and mitigate the crisis:	
Resource A	○ ———			
		uired (personnel, fina	incial technical).	
- 1101	·		inioidi, tooriiniodi).	
	0			
6. Commu	nication Plar	า		
Internal Co	mmunicatio	n:		
• Em	ployees:			
	o Commu	nication Method:		
	<ul> <li>Respon</li> </ul>	sible Person:		
• Ma	nagement:		<del></del>	
• Ivia	-	nication Method:		
	Oomina	medion weiled.		
	<ul><li>Respon</li></ul>	sible Person:		
External C	ommunicatio	on:		
• Cu	stomers:			
	o Commu	nication Method:		
	<ul> <li>Respon</li> </ul>	sible Person:		
	dia/Dublis			
• ivie	dia/Public:	nication Method:		
	o Commu	inication wethou:		
	<ul><li>Respon</li></ul>	sible Person:		
	- Roopon	0.0.0 1 0.0011.		
7 14				

# 7. Monitoring and Review

# Ongoing Monitoring:

Methods for monitoring the situation (e.g., regular updates, reporting systems):

0
Review Schedule:
<ul> <li>Schedule for reviewing the status and effectiveness of the response actions:</li> </ul>
0
8. Post-Crisis Evaluation
Lessons Learned:
Identify key lessons learned from the crisis:
0
0
Recommendations for Improvement:
Suggestions for improving future crisis management efforts:
o
0
Review Conducted By:
Date of Review:
Date of Neview.
Incident Depart Templete
Incident Report Template
1. Incident Overview
Date of Incident:
Time of Incident:
Location of Incident:
Reported By:
Department/Area Affected:
2. Incident Description
Type of Incident: (e.g., natural disaster, cyber-attack, workplace accident, product defect)
•
Brief Description of the Incident:
•
•
•
Immediate Impact:
Operations:
o
Safety:
• Galety.
Reputation:
• Reputation.
ŭ
• Financial:
O
3. Incident Details
How was the incident detected?
•

Initial Actions Taken:  •
Were emergency services contacted?  Yes
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>If Yes, which services and response times:</li> </ul>
Injuries or Fatalities:
Yes
No If Yes, provide details:
•
Stakeholder Notification     Internal Notifications:
Senior Management:
Affected Departments:
• Employees:
External Notifications:
Customers:
• Suppliers:
Regulators:
Media:
5. Root Cause Analysis
Preliminary Investigation:
<ul><li>Conducted by:</li><li>Date:</li></ul>
Possible Causes Identified:
•
Supporting Evidence:
6 Compative Astions
6. Corrective Actions Immediate Corrective Actions Implemented:
•

Long-Term Preventive Measures:
Responsible Persons for Actions:  Immediate Actions:
Long-Term Measures:
7. Communication and Follow-Up
Communication Plan:
Internal Communication:
External Communication:
Follow-Up Actions Required:
•
Follow-Up Review Date:
Follow-Up Conducted By:
8. Documentation and Reporting
Documentation Attached:
Incident Photos
Witness Statements
Medical Reports
Emergency Services Reports
• Other:
Report Prepared By:
Date:
Reviewed By:
Date:
Post-Crisis Review Template
1. Crisis Overview
Crisis Description:
Type of Crisis: (e.g., natural disaster, cyber-attack, product recall)
0
Date and Time of Crisis:
Location:
Summary of Events:
•

•			
2. Initial Response			
Activation of Crisis Management Team:			
Date and Time Activated:			
Crisis Manager:			
Key Actions Taken:			
0			
0			
Initial Communication:			
Internal Communication:			
o Method:			
o Key Messages:			
1 Noy moodagee.			
External Communication:			
o Method:			
<del>-</del>			
○ Key Messages:			
3. Crisis Management and Response			
Operational Impact:			
Affected Departments/Areas:			
o			
Impact on Operations:			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Safety and Security:			
Injuries or Fatalities:			
0			
Safety Measures Implemented:			
O			
Financial Impact:			
Estimated Costs:			
Insurance Claims:			
Stakeholder Impact:			
Affected Stakeholders:			
0			
Stakeholder Communication:			
0			
4 Performance Evaluation			

4. Performance Evaluation Response Effectiveness:

Response Time:
Decision-Making:     Output
Resource Allocation:
Communication Effectiveness:
Internal Communication:
External Communication:
Coordination with External Agencies:
Agencies Involved:
Effectiveness of Coordination:
5. Lessons Learned Strengths:
What Worked Well:
0
Aroas for Improvement:
Areas for Improvement:  • Challenges Faced:
• Challenges raded.
0
Gaps Identified:
0
0
6. Recommendations
Immediate Actions:
Actions to Address Identified Gaps:
0
· · ·
Long-Term Improvements:
Policy Changes:     O
0
Training and Preparedness:
0
Resource Needs:
Additional Resources Required:
0

7. Plan Updates and Follow-Up	
Updates to Crisis Communication Plan:	
Specific Changes to be Made:	
0	
0	
Follow-Up Actions:	
Assigned Responsibilities:	
0	
Follow-Up Review Date:	
8. Review and Approval	
Prepared By:	
Name:	
• Title:	
Date:	
Reviewed By:	
Name:	
• Title:	
Date:	
Approved By:	
Name:	
• Title:	
Date:	

## 7.3 Additional Resources

[List additional resources, such as relevant policies, procedures, and external references.]

#### **Internal Resources**

#### 1. Crisis Communication Plan:

- Description: Comprehensive plan outlining the procedures for managing and communicating during a crisis.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 2. Emergency Response Plan:

- Description: Detailed procedures for responding to various types of emergencies, including evacuation plans and emergency contact information.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 3. Business Continuity Plan:

- Description: Strategies and actions to ensure the continuation of critical business functions during and after a crisis.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 4. Employee Contact List:

- Description: Updated contact information for all employees.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 5. Vendor and Supplier Contact List:

- o Description: Contact information for key vendors and suppliers.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## **External Resources**

### 1. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA):

- Description: Resources and guidelines for emergency preparedness and response.
- Link: <a href="https://www.fema.gov">https://www.fema.gov</a>

## 2. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):

- Description: Guidelines and information on public health emergencies, including pandemics.
- Link: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov">https://www.cdc.gov</a>

## 3. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA):

- Description: Workplace safety guidelines and regulations.
- Link: <a href="https://www.osha.gov">https://www.osha.gov</a>

#### 4. National Weather Service (NWS):

- o Description: Weather updates and alerts for natural disaster preparedness.
- Link: https://www.weather.gov

#### 5. Local Emergency Management Agency:

 Description: Contact information and resources for local emergency management support. Link: [Local Agency Website Link]

#### **Tools and Templates**

## 1. Crisis Assessment Template:

- Description: Template for assessing the severity and impact of a crisis.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 2. Incident Reporting Template:

- Description: Template for documenting incidents and initial response actions.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 3. Post-Crisis Review Template:

- Description: Template for reviewing the response to a crisis and identifying lessons learned.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 4. Media Statement Template:

- o Description: Template for drafting initial media statements and updates.
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]

## 5. Employee Communication Template:

- Description: Template for internal communication updates to employees during a crisis
- Location: [Internal Document Management System Link]